

# GL5□□60 Series

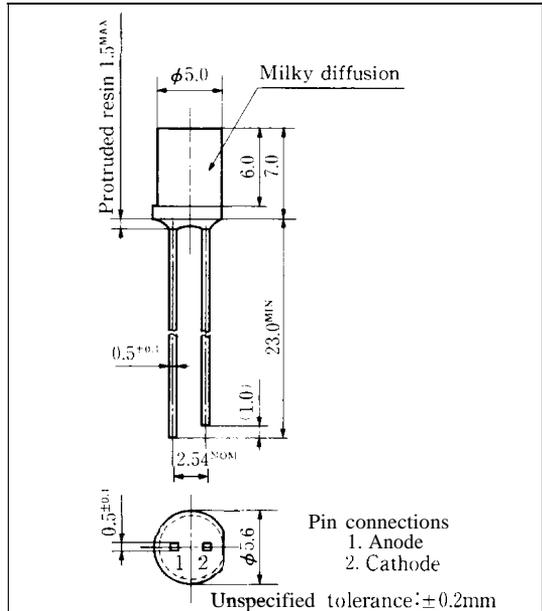
## φ5mm(T-1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>) Cylinder Type LED Lamps

### Model No.

GL5LR60 Red (High-luminosity)	GaAlAs/GaAs
GL5HD60 Red	GaAsP/GaP
GL5EG60 Yellow-green	GaP

### Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



### Features

- φ5mm(T-1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>) all resin mold
- Milky diffusion lens type (flat top type)
- Wide viewing angle

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	GL5LR60	GL5HD60	GL5EG60	Unit
Power dissipation	P	110	84	84	mW
Continuous forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	150	130	130	mA
*1 Peak forward current	I <sub>FM</sub>	1300	1500	1500	mA
Derating factor	DC	0.67	0.40	0.40	mA/°C
	Pulse	4.00	0.67	0.67	mA/°C
Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	5	5	v
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-25 to +85			°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-25 to +100			°C
*2 Soldering temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	260(within 5 seconds)			I °C

\*1 Duty ratio = 1/10, Pulse width = 0.1ms

Duty ratio = 1/16, Pulse width ≤ 1ms for GL5LR60

\*2 At the position of 1.6mm from the bottom face of resin package

GL5LR60 (Red)

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

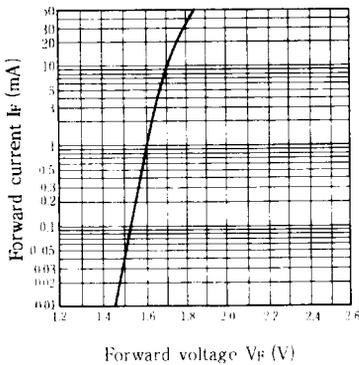
(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Model No.	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	GL5LR60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	—	1.75	2.2	V
*3 Luminous intensity	I <sub>v</sub>	GL5LR60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	5.0	11	—	mcd
Peak emission wavelength	λ <sub>p</sub>	GL5LR60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA		660	—	nm
Spectrum radiation bandwidth	Δλ	GL5LR60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA		20	—	nm
Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	GL5LR60	V <sub>R</sub> = 4V	—		10	μA
Terminal capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	GL5LR60	V = 0V f = 1MHz	—	30	—	pF
Response frequency	f <sub>c</sub>	GL5LR60	—	—	8	—	MHz

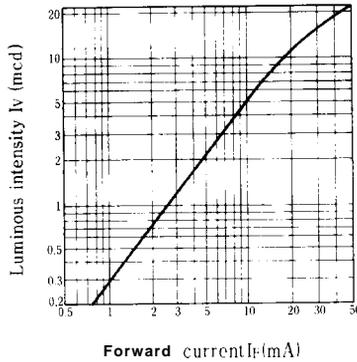
\*3 Tolerance: ±30%

■ Characteristics Diagrams

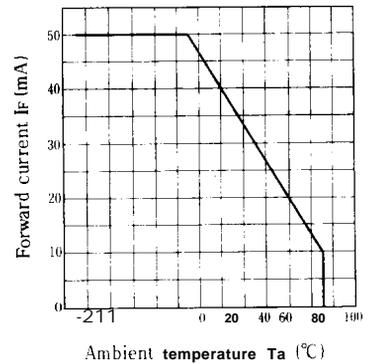
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Ta = 25°C)



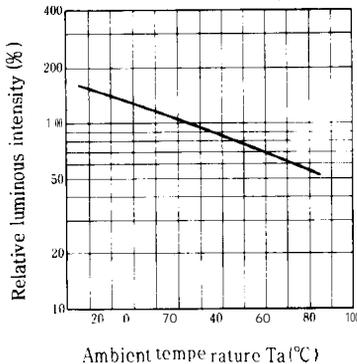
Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current (Ta = 25°C)



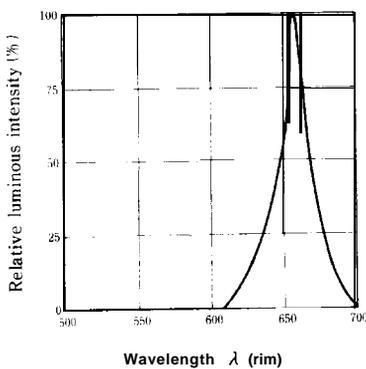
Forward Current Derating Curve



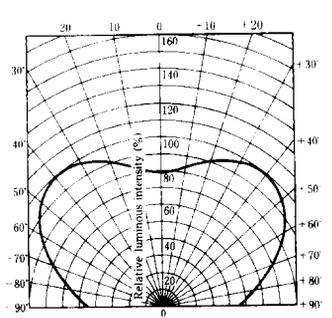
Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature (I<sub>F</sub> = 20mA)



Spectrum Distribution (Ta = 25°C)



Radiation Diagram (Ta = 25°C)



GL5HD60 (Red)

■ **Electro-optical** Characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

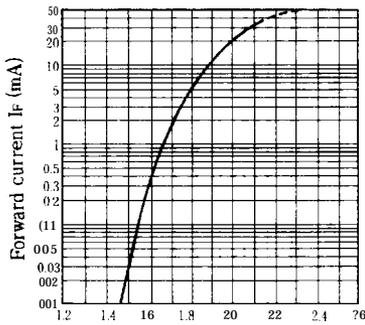
Parameter	Symbol	Model No.	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$	GL5HD60	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	—	2.0	2.8	V
※3 Luminous intensity	$I_V$	GL5HD60	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	3.0	8.0	—	mcd
Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda_p$	GL5HD60	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	—	635	—	nm
Spectrum radiation bandwidth	$\Delta \lambda$	GL5HD60	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	—	35	—	nm
Reverse current	$I_R$	GL5HD60	$V_R = 4\text{V}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Terminal capacitance	$C_t$	GL5HD60	$V = 0\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$	—	20	—	pF
Response frequency	$f_c$	GL5HD60	—	—	4	—	MHz

※3 Tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$

3

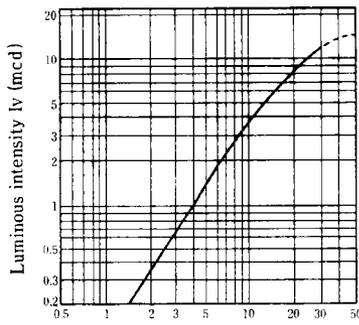
■ **Characteristics Diagrams**

Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Ta = 25°C)



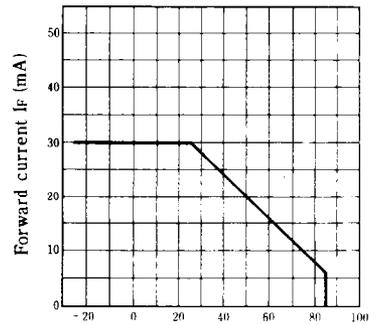
Forward voltage  $V_F$  (V)

Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current (Ta = 25°C)



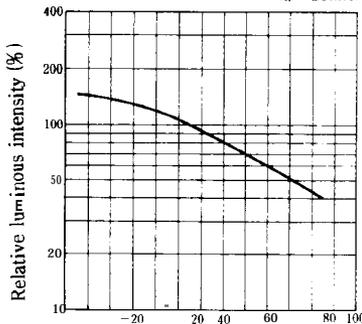
Forward current  $I_F$  (mA)

Forward Current Derating Curve



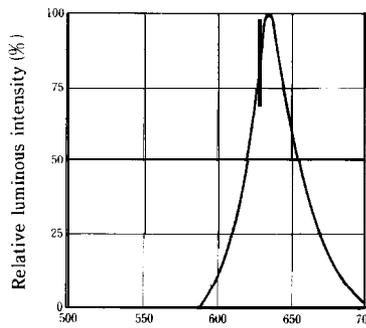
Ambient temperature  $T_a$  (°C)

Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature (If = 20mA)



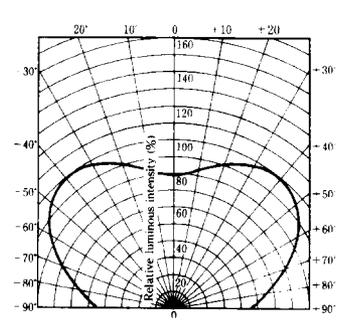
Ambient temperature  $T_a$  (°C)

Spectrum Distribution (Ta = 25°C)



Wavelength  $\lambda$  (nm)

Radiation Diagram (Ta = 25°C)



**GL5EG60** (Yellow-green)

**Electro-optical Characteristics**

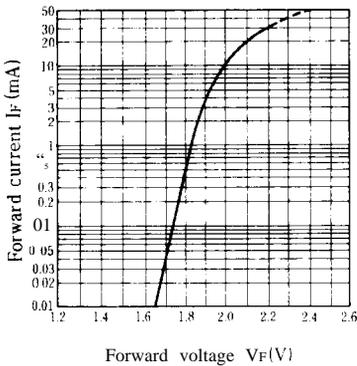
(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Model No.	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	GL5EG60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA		2.1	2.8	V
※3 Luminous intensity	I <sub>v</sub>	GL5EG60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	5.0	11	—	mcd
Peak emission wavelength	λ <sub>p</sub>	GL5EG60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA		565	—	nm
Spectrum radiation bandwidth	Δλ	GL5EG60	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	—	30	—	nm
Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	GL5EG60	V <sub>R</sub> = 4V	—		10	μA
Terminal capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	GL5EG60	V = 0V f = 1 MHz	—	35	—	pF
Response frequency	f <sub>c</sub>	GL5EG60	—		4	—	MHz

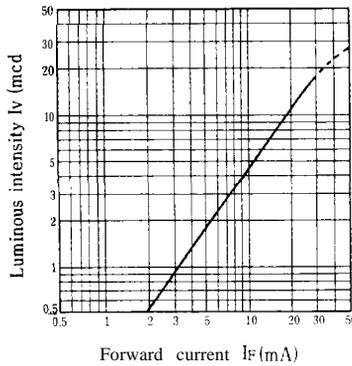
※3 Tolerance: ±30%

**Characteristics Diagrams**

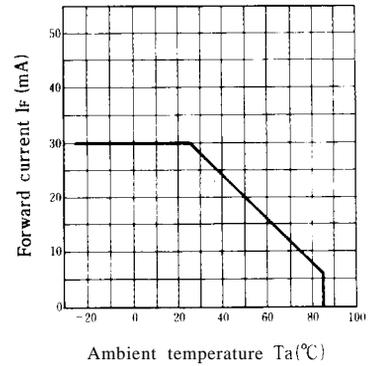
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



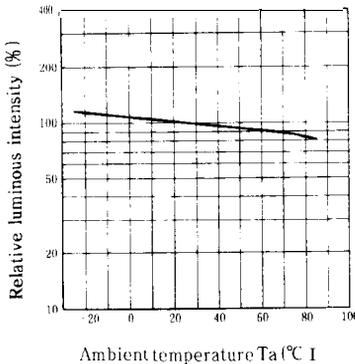
Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



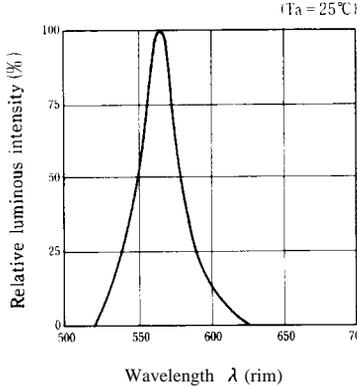
Forward Current Derating Curve



Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature



Spectrum Distribution



(Ta = 25°C)

